### CORNER -IN CAMPHOR.

THE MARKET CONTROLLED BY A SYNDI-CATE OF LONDON SPECULATORS.

adleate headed by Colonel North. dd except at increased prices.

the syndicate began operation It is now from 59 to 60 cents a pound, and some sanguine speculators who predict within a few months it will be from 90 cents to

of the Japan-China war, which has cu

ountry during the last four years, the fiscal year ading on June 30, were as follows: 180, 1,696,074 ounds: 1892, 1,995,787 pounds; 1893, 1,723,490; 1894, 1223,992 pounds. The wholesale price of camphor, or pound, on June 30, 1887, was 253, cents; in 1893, 45 cents, and in 1894, 37 cents. Various excuses for advancing the price of camphor have been invented by wily speculators at flerent times. It was once declared that camphor as an important element in the compounding of odern explosives and must, therefore, become ry dear, but, as a leading wholesale druggist id yesterday: "That game didn't work because was found that the camphor decomposed to ickly to be formidable as an ingredient of expressing the research authors, a remainent mem-

legarding the present outlook a prominent memof the drug trade said: "The principal demand
camphor is in March. April, May and June, and
en druggists begin to lay in their stocks. No
abt prices will go considerably higher. The
ce of camphor has been kept down within the
if few years by the extensive use of naphthaline
is as a protective against moths. On account
the disturbances in Formosa it may be a year
more before any camphor is shipped from there.
It is quite likely that the Japanese Government
If remodel the entire industry. While the price
camphor is likely to continue to advance, it is remodel the entire industry. While the pri-camphor is likely to continue to advance, it ossible to say when or how much it will as the as the market of the world is controlle he caprice of the foreign syndicate, headed is nel North."

#### IT IS A LAW UNIO ITSELF.

ehind the saloon. Pinkeriee said that the in ded that no law was violated

case in question under the law.

"I suppose I will have to let you go." remarked the Magistrate. "It would be the same thing if the officer heard a bad musician playing in my own house. I think he would be justified in arresting the cause of the disturbance, but he could not be held for it. I will discharge you. An automatic plano is pretty had, but as long as you do no more farm than having one of them in the place I guess you will prove a law-abiding citizen. You are discharged."

### THE OPERATION ON JAMES J. VAN ALEN.

AT WAS SUCCESSFUL AND NOT OF AN UNUSUAL CHARACTER-THE PATIENT TO BE OUT

IN A FEW DAYS.

The sensational report that J. J. Van Alen had undergone a severe operation at the sanitarium of Dr. W. T. Bull, No. 35 West Thirty-fifth-st., was denied by the attendants in charge at the sanitarium yesterday, and Dr. Bull himself left word that the operation was not an unusual one, but declined to talk about the matter. James J. Van Alen, the illionaire who was appointed Minister to Italy by President Cleveland, but who declined the place owing to the talk about the cause of the appointment, has lately sprung into prominence again, owing to a suit brought against him by Colonel Samuel P. Colt, of Rhode Island, for damages to

the amount of \$200,600 for the alleged allenation of his wife's affections. Recently, when the sult was brought against Mo Van Alen, he came to New-York, and then shortly after dropped out of sight. It was said that he had gone to Europe. The suit against him was eventually compromised and settled out of court. Mr. Van Alen's whereabouts was a mystery, but it now appears that he was under the care of Dr. Buil. The story is to the effect that while riding in England Mr. Van Alen was thrown and lacerated a portion of the abdominal tissue. This wound grew worse with time, and every move aggravated it. He decided to be operated upon, and, to have perfect cutet and every attention, he went to the sanitarium of Dr. Buil. The operation is described as a successful one.

It is said that Mr. Van Alen is anxious to get his affairs here settled up and to go to England. Dr. Buil said that his patient would be out within a day or so.

### DOYLE LOOKING FOR POUCHERS.

THE FORMER SECRETARY OF THE USH COMMIS-

SION DISPLIES AN ADVANCE CHARGED

AGAINST HIM. In an interview with a reporter yesterday Edward P. Doyle, the former secretary of the State Fish Commission, who is alleged to be short in his ac-

counts, made a denial of the charges Mr. Doyle The Controller, during the last alx years. wanced to me, usually in sums of \$1.590, about \$125 .-Two of the alvances apparently have not been counted for by vouchers. One advance was made 1892 and the other in 1894. The two aggregate 1892 and the other in 1894 in two aggregate 1892 and the other claims, which must go before

the Legislature.

Thave disputed the advance of 182 of \$1,500, as the Controller paid me in October, 1834, \$3,503, which, he said, was due me on vouchers filed but not paid. If the 182 advance is correct, i will owe the Controller \$2,000 to be accounted for by vouchers. Thave employed an expert to go over all abstracts, covering about \$240,000, and am certain that youthers for all advances will be found.

## HARLEMITES SEEKING PAPID TRANSIT.

The Board of Aftermen's Railroad Committee yesterday heard what the Harlem people, who are seeking rapid transit, had to say on the resolution offered before the Board some time ago seeking to compel the New-York Centra, Railroad to run frequent trains, express and accommodation, to Onehundred-and-twenty-fifth-st. station, and to stop all southbound trains at One-hundred-and-twentyfifth-st, thus relieving men having business on the North Side and living beyond the city limits from

North Side and living beyond the city limits from coming all the way down to Forty-second-st. and returning uptown again.

Ex-Assistant Corporation Counsel Blandy appeared for Postmaster Dayton and other prominent Barlemites. He said that when the station was placed there Chauncey M Depew said that all trains placed there Chauncey M Depew said that all trains placed there Chauncey M Depew said that all trains placed to the rapid strides made in building up the ferred to the rapid strides made in building up the ferred to the rapid strides made in building up the life was only fair that they should receive some consideration.

R. A. Place appeared for the ratiroal company, and opposed the resolution, maintaining that the Board of Aldermen had no authority to deal with the quastion. the question.

The committee said it would take the matter under consideration.

## IT WAS A COLD FIRST MEETING WHAT THE ARMY NEEDS.

A CLASH BETWEEN PRESIDENTS BARKER AND O'BRIEN

THE FORMER WILL VISIT HIM

tion yesterday at the Mayor's Office over Presiden Mr. Barker, and had a statement ready sustaining laid upon the table the Tax Department's reques is proposed to tax. Mr. O'Brien explained that this action was taken because the Dock Commissioners thought that the Tax Board had no right to the information.

formation.

President Barker replied that if President O'Brien would read section No. 823 of the Consolidation Act he would find the law to read: "Whenever a permit shall be granted by the proper officer of the city government for the erection of any building on any pier or builkhead within said city, a copy of such permit shall be furnished by the said officer to the Commissioner of Taxes and Assessments."

Mr. O'Brien admitted that he was not aware of this provision of law, but thought that Mr. Barker "ought to have come down and talked the matter over with the Dock Board first."

"You go stapd on a pier until I come to see you and you will freeze solid to the dock waiting," replied Mr. Barker, crisply. "The Tax Department minds its own business always, and is absolutely

and you will freeze solid to the dock withins, plied Mr. Barker, crisply. "The Tax Department minds its own business always, and is absolutely independent of every other department of the city except the Law Department, to which we always how," looking toward Corporation Counsel Scott. "We allow no other department to interfere with

#### ONE OF THE VOLKS GARTEN VICTIMS.

One of the bodies taken from the ruins of the noon was positively identified yesterday morning as that of Philip Callahan, of No. 46 South Sixth-st. Brooklyn. His mother identified the body at the Brooklyn. His mother ide Morgne. He was a harness-maker.

### THE GRAND JURY'S PRESENTMENT.

excise violations from the Court of Special Sessions to General Sessions. The Grand Jury says that this practice is an imposition on the Court of eral Sessions, which is already crowded with a

### RESIGNATION TO TAKE EFFECT MONDAY

TO BE NO CHANGE IN THE POLICY OF

Department.

Mr. Brookfield added: "My relations with the Mayor have been and remain of the most friendly nature. Any rumors to the contrary are wickedly and maliciously false."

### TO STOP THE RAIL-CARTAGE NUISANCE.

ALDERMEN TO DRAFT AN ORDINANCE ABATING THE DIN IN THE STREETS.

The Law Committee of the Board of Aldermen vesterday decided that Aldermen Ware and Hall be appointed a committee to draft an ordinance prohibiting the carting of iron rails or beams through the streets in the old way still in vogue.

Alderman Ware brought up the subject, saying that few New-Yorkers had escaped the horrible earsplitting din caused by the cartage of iron and steel rails through the streets. He said that, such rails are now carried, the noise of the clanging irons made life miscrable in his district—the new XXVth—and he urged that, as a nuisance, it should

Mr. Ware has as yet no idea how the rails can be properly carried so that they will not make so much noise, but he declares that this is a matter for the iron men to consider.

Alderman Hall says that each rail or beam should be wrapped in a bianket.

Teresa Dinsmore, Miss Katherine B. Donovan, Miss A. M. Exhot. Miss Anne Hays, Miss Laura M. Marsion, Miss Sadie Moore, Miss Patterson, Miss E. S. Patterson, Miss Katherine Pyle, Miss Lydia Redmond, Miss Edich Ransom, Miss Annah Shaw.

Redmond, Miss Edith Ransom, Miss Annah Shaw, Miss Grace Wetherder.

The patronesses are Mrs. Spencer Aidrich, Mrs. Herbert Armitage, Mrs. Daniel Butterfield, Mrs. h. D. Bean, Miss C. L. Bean, Miss F. E. Bean, Mrs. E. B. Custer, Mrs. J. O. Donner, Mrs. A. B. Darling, Miss Dickey, Mrs. H. A. Ferguson, Mrs. Austin Fint, Mrs. Edward Gregory, Mrs. Henry Gunther, Mrs. Charles Burrows Greene, Mrs. Washington Hunt, Mrs. G. H. Holt, Miss A. M. Houghton, Mrs. S. J. Penniman, Mrs. Edward Patterson, Mrs. William Barchay Parsons, Mrs. W. A. Ranson, Mrs. Henry Redmond, Mrs. Sylvanus Read, Mrs. Latham G. Reed, Miss M. G. Reed, Mrs. I. N. Phelps Stoker and Mrs. Grace Watt.

#### The consecration to the episcopaje of the Rev. Peter Trimble Rowe, missionary bishop-elect Alaska, will take place this morning in St. George's Procestant Episcopai Churen, at Sixteenth-st, and Stayvesini Square. Bishop Doane, of Albany, will be the consecrator, assisted by Bishop Potter, of this city, and Bishop Davies, of Michigan. The cermon will be preached by Bishop Talbot, of Wyoming and Idano.

THE REV. P. T. ROWE TO BE CONSECRATED BISHOF

NEW PASTOR TO BE INSTALLED. To-morrow evening the Rev. Anthony H. Evans will be formally installed as pastor of the West Presbyterian, Church, in Porty-second-st., between Fifth and Sixth aves. A special installation service

# has been arranged, and among the officiating clergymen will be the Rev. Dr. Jerse F. Forbes, Moderator of the Presbyiery of New-York; the Rev. Drs. Thomas S. Hastings, Maryin R. Vincent, M. Woolsey Stryker and Edward Huntling Rudd.

SEEKING TO LIBEL THE CONDOR. An action for, libel on the part of the United States Government against the steam vessei Condor. of which William R. Grace & Co. are the agents, has been begun in the United States District Court by United States District-Attorney Macfarlane, It by United States Part Crattoney Macrariane. It arises out of the collision of the Condor and the United States cruiser Alert at Gonyaguil, Ecuador, on September 23. The Alert was damaged to the extent of about 36,000, and negligence and unskilful from "The Christian Herald" relief fund for distribution in the Van district.

THE THREE-BATTALION ADVOCATED BY SECRETARY LAMONT.

REGARDS DISCIPLINE AND HEALTH -THE CONCENTRATION POL

extended to include field officers. He says that the "policy of concentrating the Army and abandoning unnecessary posts has not only won the approval of all those acquainted with the lines of progress which conditions have marked cut for our Army, but is approved by all thoughtful citizens."

#### THE COAST DEFENCE PROBLEM. Secretary Lamont quotes President Cleve-

land's message of 1886 in regard to the defenceless sea-coasts, and says:

less sea-coasts, and says:

The various factors in the scheme of defence have now been so accurately determined that for the first time it is possible to forecast from what has been accomplished the time and expense required to complete the project with existing facilities. We have established and equipped a gun factory able to turn out yearly thrity-five guns of the types required, or enough to arm the eighteen ports enumerated within ten years. It is complete except as to the provisions for finishing and assembling sixteen-inch guns, the expediency of which is still questioned. We have, moreover, by contract contributed toward the establishment of a private plant for the manufacture of guns which in time will be able to meet any unusual demand that could not be supplied by the Waterviet gun factory.

Alderman Hall says that each rail or beam should be wrapped in a bianket.

\*\*CHRISTMAS MARKET TO HELP CHILDREN\*\*

A "Christmas Market" will be held at the Windsor Hotel on Tuesday, December 19, in aid of the Building Fund of a free all-the-year-round country home for orphans and destitute children. Part of the proceeds will be for the Mission of St. John the Baptist, a chapel in the mountains.

The market, which will offer many novel features, child among which will be the sale of useful articles, as well as pretty things, at moderate prices, will be conducted by the following Committee of "Market Women," from whom invitations may be procured on application:

Miss Armitage, Miss Harriet Anderson, Miss Bean, Miss Marion Chesebrough, Mrs. Donnet, Miss Teresa Dinsmars, Miss Katherine B. Donovan, Miss An interesting feature of the report is the factory.

We have established a plant for the manufacture of gine carriages which, with the aid of private established an plant for the manufacture of gine carriages which, with the aid of private established an plant for the manufacture of gine carriages which, with the aid of private established an plant for the manufacture of gine carriages which, with the aid of private established an plant for the manufacture of gine carriages which, with the aid of private established an plant for the manufacture of gine carriages which, with the aid of private established an plant for the manufacture of gine carriages which, with the aid of private established an plant for the manufacture of gine carriages which, with the aid of private established an plant for the manufacture of gine carriages and satisfactory.

We have established a plant for the manufacture of gine carriages and policy and the developments of a plant for the manufacture of gine carriages alone lacking the mechanism of coast defence, and twelve-linch market development of

An interesting feature of the report is the history has the present condition of the Army been surpassed. It is better fed, clothed and housed, and the policy of promoting the personal comfort of the officers and men has resulted in a

devotion that is everywhere apparent.

The health record of the Army for the year is the best annual statement ever consolidated from the returns of the medical officers, and a significant decrease shown in the number of court-

milicant decrease shown in the number of court-martials for the year, corroborates the reports from all officers of a noteworthy inprovement in the morale and discipline of the Army.

The Secretary also refers to the fact that much attention during the year has been given to the effort to cultivate close relations between the Regular Army and the State troops.

#### W. W. HOWARD SAFE IN PERSIA. News was received yesterday of the safety of

been murdered by the Kurds while on a mission of mercy in Armenia. Mr. Howard was sent to Van several months ago by "The Christian Heraid," of New-York, to distribute a relief fund of \$12,000, contributed by sympathetic Americans in behalf of the destitute survivors of the recent massatral relief depot at Van, and organize a missionary committee, consisting of American missionaries. The first premonition of trouble came to "The partment at Washington on October 9, in which the aformation was communicated that the Turkisa Minister considered Mr. Howard "personally objectionable to the Turkish Government.

Meanwhile, Mr. Howard was pushing forward, and could not be reached by wire or letter. The following cable message, received yesterday from him, relieves all doubt as to his personal safety: Djoufa, Persia, Nov. 29.—Twice driven back from Turkey. Kurds are devastating the country. The Hamaddeh cavalry, assisted by regular Turkish troops disguised as Kurds, have destroyed forty-six Armenian villages between the Persian border and Van. The village of fartialon, with a population of 260, was destroyed, all the people being slain.

### WASHINGTON NEWS NOTES.

SENATOR PETTIGREW A BELIEVER IN REORGANIZATION

Republican caucus may name. They will do it with out a bargain and without putting the Republican party under obligations to them in any particular. The Democrats cannot organize without getting all the Populist votes, and that they cannot secure. The Populists cannot get anything like a sufficient number of the Democratic votes to carry a ticket of their own makeup through the Senate. Both propositions may come before the Senate, and if they do they will be voted down. Then when the Republicans nominate their candidates there will be enough votes to elect them. We are compelled to make this effort on the office of President pro tempore of the Senate, that office having died with the expiration of the term of Senator Harris, and when that door is once opened we cannot avoid completing the task. It is sure to come before us, and the Republicans will dispose of it by the election of their own officers."

ent to receive Mr. Castle's letter of recall and Mr.

down" her machinery preliminary to the regular

Ing the sheep exported to Great Britain so that a substantial guarantee could be given that they were not afflicted with scab. But while it is a fact that certain American sheep imported into England have been infected with scab, and this is given as the reason for the issue of the order quoted, a distinct impression prevails that this is not the chief motive on which the British Board of Agriculture has acted. The principal difficulty, I take it, said Dr. Saimon this morning, "is that American sheep which have been fattened after arrival in England developed into such a superior arrival in England developed into such a superior arrival in England developed into such a superior arricle of British mutton that the native sheep had no chance alongside of them, whereat the British farmer naturally would complain. Another thing is the tremendous growth of the business. In the year ended June 30, 1894, the exports of sheep to England numbered about \$80,000 lead, the British farmer and the British Government would take their chances on the scab. The order," continued Dr. Salmon, "places our sheep on the same basis as our cattle, which must be slaughtered at the port of entry. That requirement has been made respecting cattle ever since 1879, and strictly maintained, despite most carnest protests and appeats. The trade in beef cattle has not suffered any diminution of volume because of it; the shippers have not made so much money, probably, as they would have done had the restriction not been imposed. It is a police regulation which every country may enforce to protect the health of its inhabitants and the condition of its live stock, and I suppose we will have to accustom ourseives to it."

The result of the investigation made into the acounts of Librarian Spofford has been incorporated in a report which has been placed in the hands of the President. Mr. Spofford paid into the Treasury several months ago \$22,000, which was the amount he found due to the Treasury from copyright fees and other sources. He contended that this amount squared his accounts. It is not known what con-clusion the Treasury report has reached.

The Treasury received advices that \$750,000 in gold was withdrawn at the Sub-Treasury at New-York to-day for export. This reduces the gold reserve to

Secretary Carlisle to-day detached Captain Michael A. Healy from the command of the revenue cutter Bear and placed him on walting orders. Captain Healy is said to be in poor health, and unless his condition improves it is not probable that he will again be assigned to active duty. The Bear is now at San Francisco. Second-Lieutenant Chester M. at Sin Francisco. Second-Lieutenant Chester M. White, of the Bear, who recently forwarded his resignation to the Treasury by telegraph, arrived here on Wednesday, and after an interview with Assistant Secretary Hamilin, withdrew his resignation. Lieutenant White was then detached from the Bear and has been ordered to report to the Boston station for duty. Lieutenant White has not withdrawn his charges against Captain Healy, and Captain Healy's answer to the charges has not yet been received here.

Secretary Carlisle to-day directed that the building at Hubert and Hudson sts., New-York, be rented at \$7,000 a year to afford additional facilities for the appraiser's stores in New-York City. Professor C. D. Walcott, director of the United

States Geological Survey, in a report of the work of his men in the field, informs the Secretary of the interior that material has been gathered for a bulletin on the slate best of New-York and Ver-mont. Observations have been made of the geology of the Niagara Falls region. An investigation has been made of the mineral resources in the Uncom-paghre Indian Reservation in Utah. This reserva-tion is soon to be opened for settlement. Glisonite was the only mineral there of commercial value. There are enormous quantities, and the report states that it offers an opportunity for the development of an extensive industry. The survey of the Indian Territory was making rapid progress. During the last month the corps of scientific men in the field surveyed 7,600 square miles.

LANGERMAN REMANDED TILL MONDAY. Walter L. S. Langerman, who was convicted or Tuesday of having criminally assaulted Miss Bar bara Aub in his rooms at No. 119 West Sixty second-st, on May 7, was before Recorder Goff in General Sessions yesterday for sentence. Recorder Goff did not sentence Langerman, however. He remanded him until Monday, for reasons of his own, he said in court.

#### THE LUCANIA'S QUICK TRIP The Cunard Line steamship Lucania arrived here

#### OVERCROWDING OF THEATRES.

Ladder No. 2, was detailed at the theatre Thurs

ple beyond the seating capacity of the building. He remonstrated to no purpose. Kratochell then summoned Policeman Barry, of the East Fifty-first-st station, and caused Cleary's arrest.

Magistrate Crane, on hearing the evidence, remarked that it was a most serious matter the overcrowding of theatres, and must be stopped. Mr. Price, the manager of the place, said that whatever congestion there was resulted from the rush of newcomers to get seats at the change of performance. He said the sale of tickets was stopped before the capacity of the theatre was in the least strained. The crowding of the aisles only lasted for a minute or two, he said. The Magistrate then said he would dismiss the case, but he cautioned the management to use extra caution hereafter.

#### LIGHT RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

THE VOLUME OF THE CROP COMING INTO SIGHT

1892 is still further shown by the receipts for the twenty-nine days of November. They were 1,239,176 bales this year, against 2,077,293 last year, 1,621,619 in 1893, and 1,429,375 in 1892. The total of the crop in sight, according to Mr. Hester, is 3,509,000 this

15,000, against 7.205 las Inasmuch as yesterday's receipts at New against 207,644 last week, and

bales during the week. Port stocks are now 170,000 bales less than last year. Exports yesterday were The Life of a Navy Officer.

own and remaining firm until the last hour, fell to a points below Wednesday night under a raid by he German bears. Trading was the dullest in nonths, as everybody had loaded up in the morning specting a rise on the light receipts. But the old urkish troubles gave an excuse for bear activity at the market weakened. It closed at 10 to 12 sints below Wednesday night, or 4 above the bcd. m. March ranged between 8.55 and 8.46, and closed 8.50. Total sales for the day were only 167,500 less. parket for futures after opening steady 5 points

oncumption.

Spot siles in Liverpool were 12,000 bales yesteray and 14,000 on Thanksgiving. Liverpool contacts improved on Thanksgiving 3½ English points, at closed ast night about 2½ better than Wednesday. The stock of American cotton in the United Kingdom and afloat therefore is 64,000 bales smaller han ast year, or 1,002,000, against 1,066,000.

In a letter in "The Journal of Commerçe" E. J. Jonnel predicts a great upward movement of alues owing to the gold discoveries now in progress, and says cotton will sell, he thinks, at the price vector seven years ago soon. "The Journal"

Cotton Growers Association, or reducing the cotton acreage. Mr. Lane says that the crop next year will be kept down to 6,500,000 baies. This dispatch was received from the South yesterday; "Galveston, Texas, Nov. 29.—"Galveston News today publishes report cotton ginned and to be ginned this season and last season; vicinity Texarkana fourteen gins 1,350, against 3,560; McKinney, Texas, fifteen gins 7,250, against 16,200."

### NEW RULES OF THE SUPREME COURT. THE REGULATIONS ARE ANNOUNCED BY THE

JUDGES OF THE AFFELLATE DIVISION. The Judges of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in the first department have announced

the rules they have adopted to regulate the sittings the First Judicial District. The rules comprise regulations for the hearing of appeals from the City Court of the City of New-York and the district courts therein; the regulations for the trial and special terms of the Supreme Court in the First Judicial District and the establishing of

in the First Judicial District and the establishing of the calendar practice therein; regulations regarding all the insolvent assignments for the benefit of creditors and applications to the Court thereunder; regulations of the proceedings in court and concerning the duties of the cierk, and regulations regarding the calendar for the term of the court beginning upon the first Monday of January.

Rules are also announced for the regulation of a preferred calendar to be heard in Part III, of the Special Term, tog-ther with special court regulations; rules for a large number of special cases which may be heard in the court, and rules in reference to cases not ready for the day set for the hearing.

Ing.
The rules are dated November 25 and are signed by Judges Van Brunt, Barrett, Ingraham, Patterson, O'Brien and Williams.
It is rumored, but not definitely known, that the Judges of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court intend to comply with the request of prominent members of the bar and wear black sik gowns when they take their places on the bench on the first Monday of January.

SUPREME COURT APPOINTMENTS.

Judge Barrett, of the Appellate Court, said yesterday that the full appointments for places under the new arrangement of the courts were not completed, but that some had been made, although they were not yet filed. Those announced by Justice Barrett thus far, are as follows: Alfred Wagstaff Barreit thus far, are as follows: Alfred Wagstaff, to be chief clerk of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. Thomas Boese, to be calendar clerk of Special Term; J. Lewis Lyons, to be calendar clerk of Trial Term; James G. McNierney, promoted to a clerkship for long, faithful and meritorious service; William Lynch, promoted to be assistant crier, also for long, faithful and meritorious service, and for the efficient manner in which he has taken charge of the juries in the Oyer and Terminer in important criminal trials; William Seott, to be assistant fibrarian of the Law Library, at \$2,500 per year; William H. Ricketts, the present crier of the Supreme Court, to be continued as crier in the Appellate Division.

The salary of William Lynch will be \$2,000; of Thomas Boese, \$2,500; of James G. McNierney, \$2,500, and of J. Lewis Lyon, \$2,500.

COURTROOMS TO BE RECONSTRUCTED. The Board of Estimate and Apportionment yes terday appropriated \$10,000 in revenue bonds, the proceeds to be used for the reconstruction of the ourtrooms of the County Courthouse, to meet the requirements caused by the changes in the Suprem-Court under the new law.

Court under the new law.

Judge George C. Barrett, of the Supreme Court, appeared before the Board and explained the nature of the desired alterations and the need of haste in the work, so that the courtrooms may be ready for occupancy by the first Monday of January.

Plans of the propesed change in the rooms have been made by James Brown Lord, architect, and he estimates the cost of the work at \$19,000.

THE ROCK NOT MARKED ON THE CHART.

The Russian steamer, Regulus, Captain Forssell which arrived here yesterday from Livingston Central America, was ashore for ten hours November II on a reef fifteen miles northeast of Cape Gracios. The location of the reef is no correctly shown on the chart, and the Regulus rai The Cunard Line steamship Lucania arrived here yesterday morning after a remarkably quick trip, considering the season of the year, from Liverpool. The Lucania sailed from Liverpool or November 22 and Queenstown a day later. To have equalled the record she was due at the Sandy Hook Light the point about two hours late. The present record from Daunt's Rock is held by the Lucania, and is the chart was known to be defective.

# To-morrow's

# TRIBUNE

Will give something to interest all readers who want to know what is going on in the world. There will be not only the news of the previous day presented in the most readable form, but there will be a conspectus of what the world is thinking and feeling and doing in many lines of activity.

The newest books—the latest plays-music-art-sports of all kinds-fashions and other home topics-social and political notes

## A Paper for All the People at Home.

Here are some of the special

### Waring's White Angels.

and wages.

A specimen day on board a

Some facts about their work

### United States man-of-war.

Queer Prerogatives. Ex-Attache tells of curious rights and privileges that have survived from med aeval times.

## The Story of a Memorable Kit-Kat Club Gruise.

Fruits of pencil and brush to be shown at the clubrooms, together with the chaplain-cook, perhaps.

# New-York's Poorly Protected Harbor.

Sons of the American Revolution interested in the cause of proper defence.

Peculiar duties and methods of the Colorado Indian doctors and the dangers they undergo.

### Topics in Paris.

Collapse of the gold speculation and the ruin it has brought-Count Muenster's tenth anniversary as ambassador.

### A Student of Snakes.

A scientist in New-York who has a roomful of the creatures.

### High-Bred Horses and Their Homes.

Something about the sumptuous quarters that New-York millionaires give their thoroughbreds.

### Coursing with Jack Rabbits.

The Kansas variety popular with sportsmen; how they are caught alive.

Bench and Bar-Among the Colleges - News of Brooklyn-News of New-Jersey—The week in theatres and concert halls.

# THE BEST SUNDAY PAPER

It is for Everybody.